**Unit 1—**

1. Why did civilizations begin in the Middle East?
2. Which civilization developed between 2 rivers?
3. What is the combination of religious and political authority in Ancient Egypt?
4. Identify the names of their style of writing for the following civilizations?
   1. Sumerian
   2. Egyptians
   3. Phoenicians
5. Confucius believed that social order, harmony, and good government could be achieved if society was organized around the 5 Basic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. The Qu’ran, jihad, and the hajj are most closely associated with what type of religion?

**Unit 2—**

1. A government ruled by a few powerful people is called what?
2. This philosopher taught by questioning. He was eventually put to death for questioning the government. Who is it?
3. Which political system had its foundations in Athens, Greece?
4. Hellenistic culture is represented by a blending of Greek culture with what 3 other cultures?
5. The Pax Romana is best described as\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. In what way was the Roman political system different from the Greek political system in Athens?
7. Describe Spartan society. What was most important?
8. Julius Cesar ruled as what type of leader?
9. What did Russia adopt from the Byzantines?
10. Who was the leader of the Byzantine Empire during the Golden Age?

**Unit 3—**

1. How are the 10 Commandments and the 5 Pillars of Faith similar?
2. In the Islamic faith, a Caliph is most similar to what?
3. What led to the growth of feudalism in the Middle Ages?
4. In Europe during the Middle Ages, what was the force that provided unification and stability?
5. What were the Crusades? Who were they fought between?
6. What was a long term effect of the Crusades? (Hint: trade)
7. What was the goal of the Christians during the Crusades?
8. List the 5 Pillars of Faith (Islam)
9. What are similarities between Ibn Battuta and Marco Polo?

**Unit 4—**

1. What was the practice of Kings and nobles appointing church officials known as?
2. Describe the Renaissance in Europe.
3. How was European society during the Renaissance different than society during the Middle Ages?
4. What were some major causes of the Protestant Reformation? (Hint: What was Martin Luther trying to change?)
5. What were some of the effects of the Protestant Reformation? (Hint: How did the church change?)
6. Name the country each explorer sailed on behalf of and the route/land they discovered.
   1. Vasco de Gama
   2. Christopher Columbus
   3. Ferdinand Magellan
   4. Samuel de Champlain
   5. James Cook
7. Why were the Spanish able to conquer the Aztec and Inca?
8. What is mercantilism?
9. Define the Columbian Exchange.

**Unit 5—**

1. What was the goal of Absolutism?
2. Explain Peter the Great’s policy of Westernization
3. What is “divine right”?
4. Describe the importance of the following people during the Scientific Revolution.
   1. Copernicus
   2. Galileo
   3. Newton
   4. Kepler
5. What was the Enlightenment?
6. What ideas did John Locke believe in?
7. The Reign of Terror was associated with what Revolution?
8. Why did the people of France support Napoleon?
9. Why could Napoleon not defeat Russia?

**Unit 6—**

1. What is nationalism?
2. Where did the Industrial Revolution begin?
3. What were some effects of the Industrial Revolution?
4. What is Lasseiz faire?
5. Describe the economic theory of communism.
6. Why did Europeans colonize Africa in the late 1800s?
7. Explain “White Man’s Burden”
8. Who fought in the Opium Wars? Why were the Opium Wars fought?
9. Define “imperialism”.
10. Who placed Japan under isolationism?
11. How was Russia impacted by WWI?
12. What were the 4 MAIN causes of WWI?
13. What new types of warfare were introduced in WWI?
14. How did the Treaty of Versailles contribute to economic instability in Germany after WWI?

**Unit 7—**

1. What led to the rise in totalitarianism in Germany, Italy, and Spain in the 1920s and 1930s?
2. What is Fascism?
3. Which European leaders were Fascist?
4. Why did Britain and France want to appease Hitler?
5. What event ended WWII? (Hint: the war officially ended in Japan).
6. Court meeting between allies to put Nazi’s on trial for war crimes—
7. Date that will live in infamy—
8. What did the US promise to do under the Truman Doctrine?
9. What does USSR stand for?

**Unit 8-**

1. What is NATO? What is Warsaw pact?
2. What is the main goal of the United Nations?
3. What is the definition of the Cold War?
4. What was the US policy of Containment?
5. Define guerilla warfare.
6. Explain how Churchill described the division of Europe following WW2.
7. What was brinkmanship?
8. What was the result of the Vietnam War? Korean War?

THIS IS NOT EVERYTHING THAT WILL BE ON YOUR EXAM. THERE ARE 100 QUESTIONS. BUT THIS WILL GIVE YOU A VERY GOOD IDEA TO THE TYPES OF QUESTIONS I WILL BE ASKING!! GOOD LUCK!